

# Technical Data Sheet AMPCO-CORE® 250S

## **Description and Application**

AMPCO-CORE® 250S is a nickel aluminum bronze flux core wire for use with the Gas Metal Arc Welding process, producing sound, pore free deposits.

AMPCO-CORE® 250S is primarily an overlay filler metal for aluminum bronzes and ferrous materials. The characteristics of this filler metal make a good choice for overlaying components used in bearing applications where very high pressures are encountered operating against hardened steel surfaces.

AMPCO-CORE® 250S is especially suited for marine environments due to its Ni content which increases corrosion resistance in brackish seawater. It also exhibits resistance to cavitation and stress corrosion.

# **Typical Applications**

Shafts, guide grooves, marine applications, overlaying steel parts without a buffer layer

#### **Limiting Chemical Composition**

% (filler metal)

Copper	Balance
Aluminum	11.5
Nickel	4.8
Iron	2.0
Manganese	1.0

#### Mechanical Properties\*

(Nominal all-weld metal value)

BHN (3000kg.)

Three layer deposit on mild steel......320

# Product availability and packaging

AMPCO-CORE® 250S is available in two diameters:

0.045" (1.2mm)

0,062" (1.6mm).

Both sizes are available in 12" (300mm) spools weighing 33lbs. (15kgs.) each.

# \*Hardness will vary depending on quality of the weld and experience and know-how of the welder.

## Welding position and deposits

Flat position welding is recommended. Backhand (trailing) welding is preferred rather than forehand (pushing) to make either stringer or weaved beads.

#### Shielding gas

100% Argon

# **Operating conditions**

Current type

DC+ (DCEP), continuous or pulsed

Gas flow rate

25 - 42 cfh (12-20 L/min)

Intensity [A]

0.045" (1.2 mm)	150-320
0.062" (1.6 mm)	200-350

Voltage [V] (all diameters)

Continuous 27-31 Pulsed 22-25

Stick-out [inch (mm)]

All diameters 5/8"- 3/4" (10-20)

NB. Higher intensities and voltages can be used but will result in increased element burn-off (particularly AI) and dilution, leading to lower hardness levels. Preheating and working temperatures of up to 300°C are recommended to avoid cracking.

